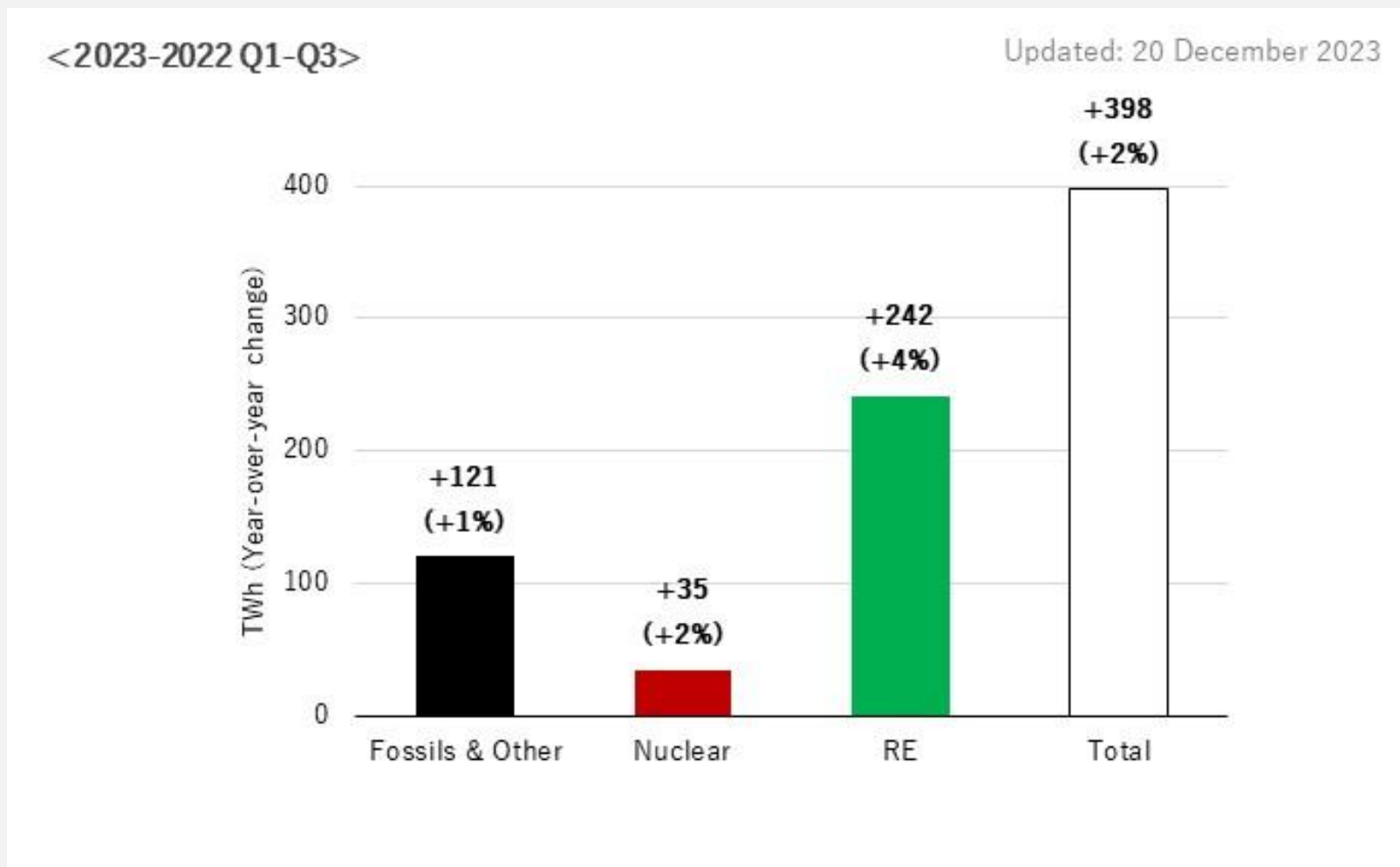




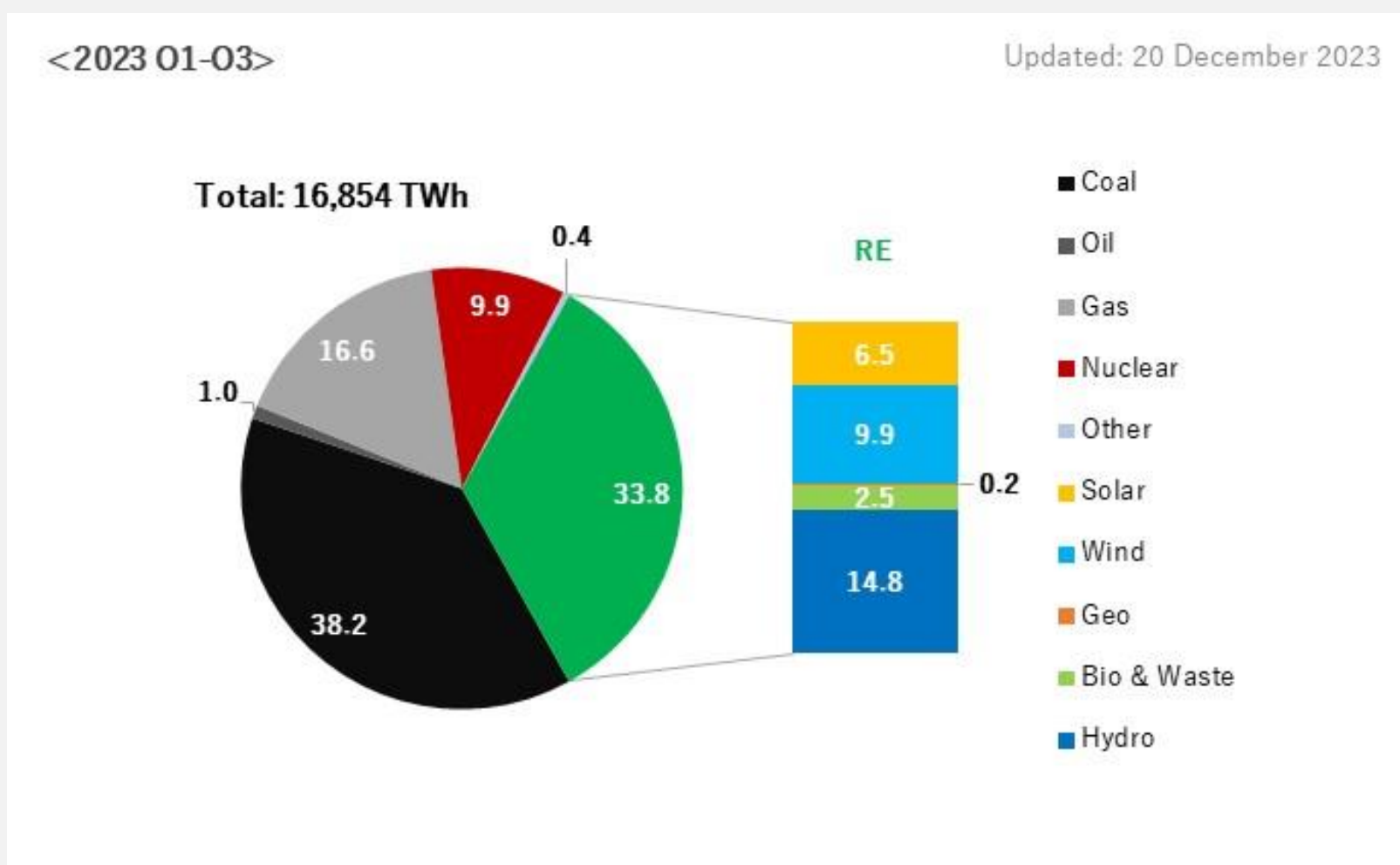
## World\*

\*including all OECD countries (except Israel), as well as Argentina, Brazil, Bulgaria, China, Croatia, Cyprus, India, Malta, North Macedonia and Serbia. In total, 47 countries which accounted for about 80% of the world's total electricity generation in 2022.

### World Change in Electricity Generation



### World Electricity Generation Mix (%)

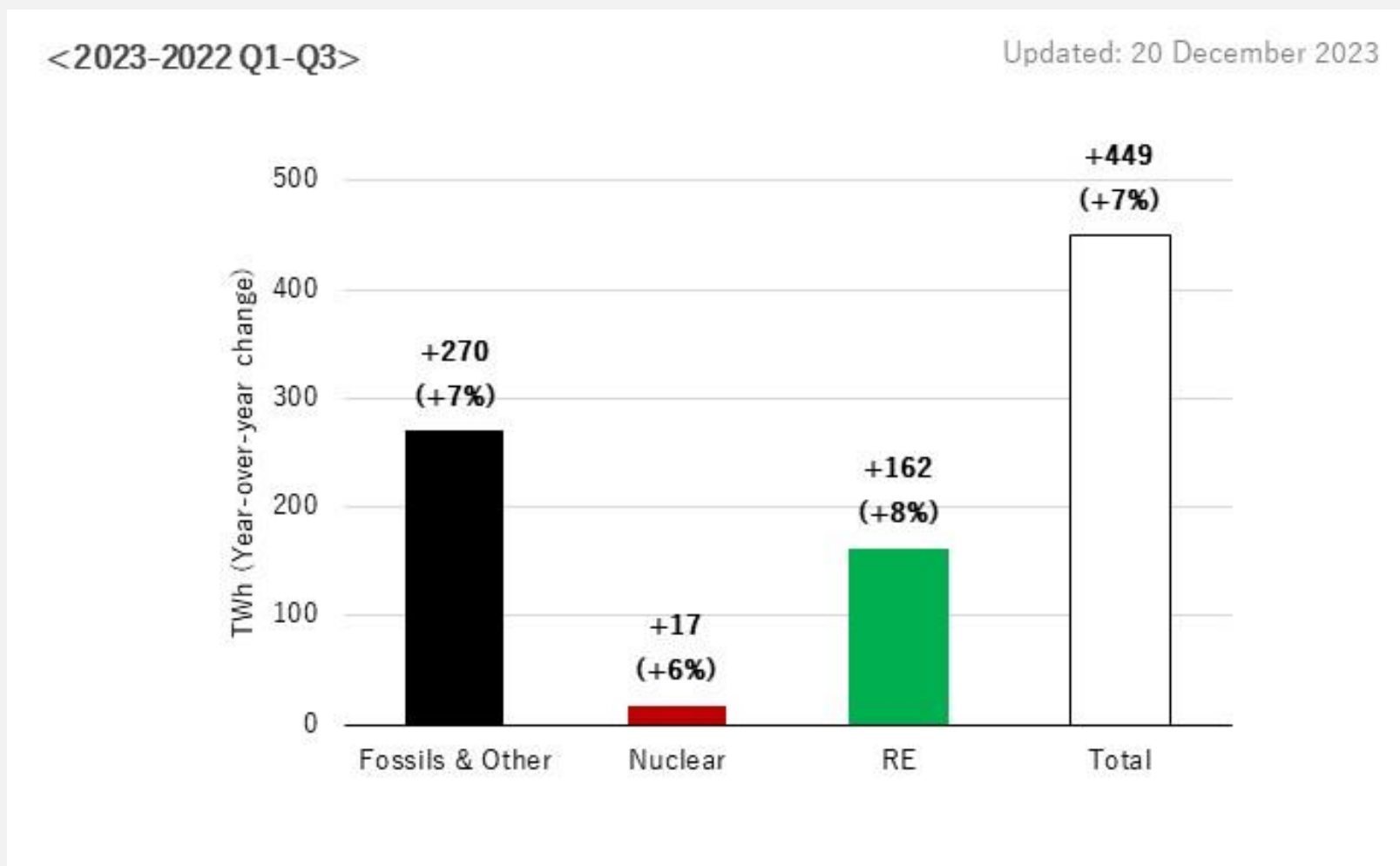




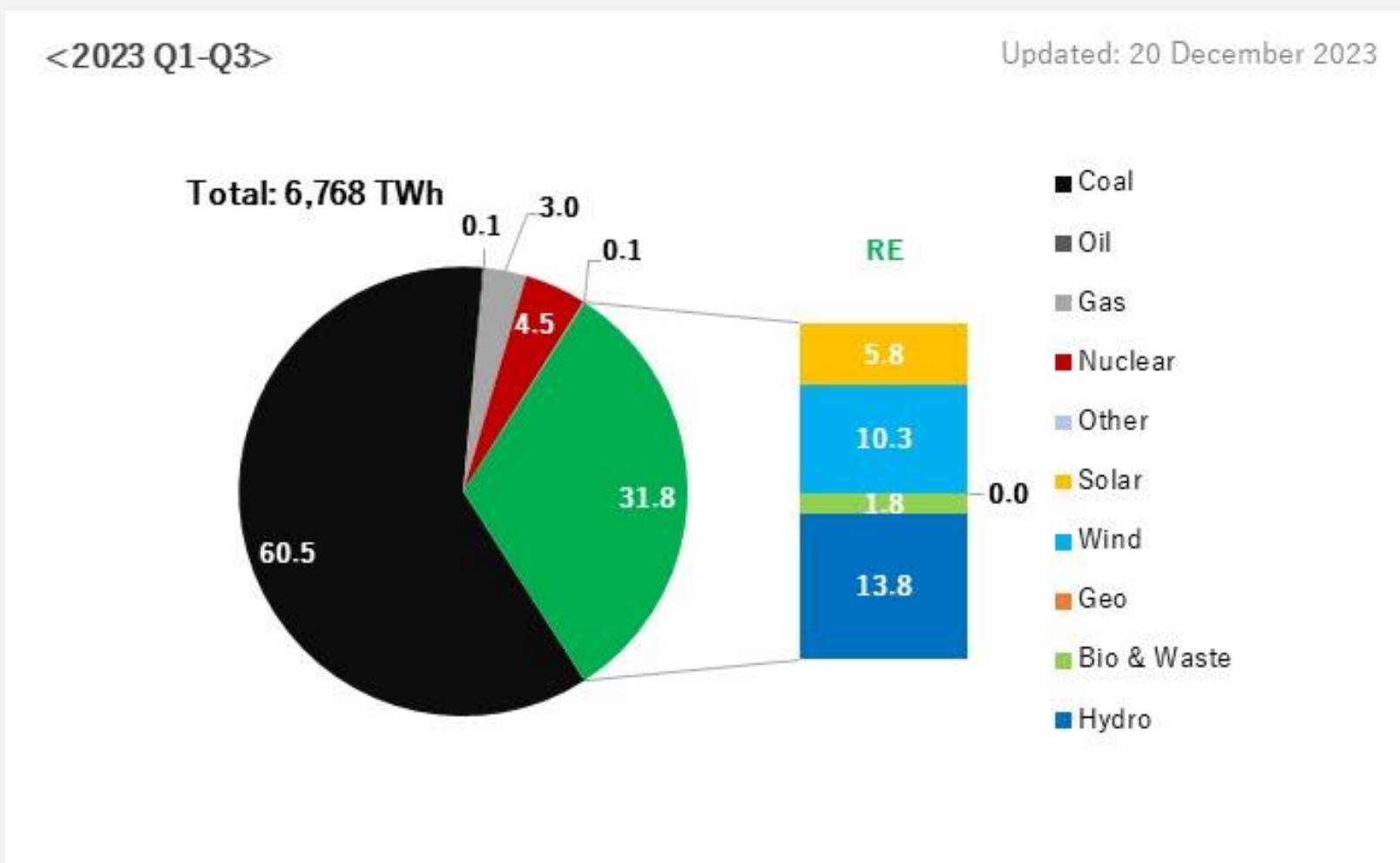
Countries

【China】

China Change in Electricity Generation



China Electricity Generation Mix (%)

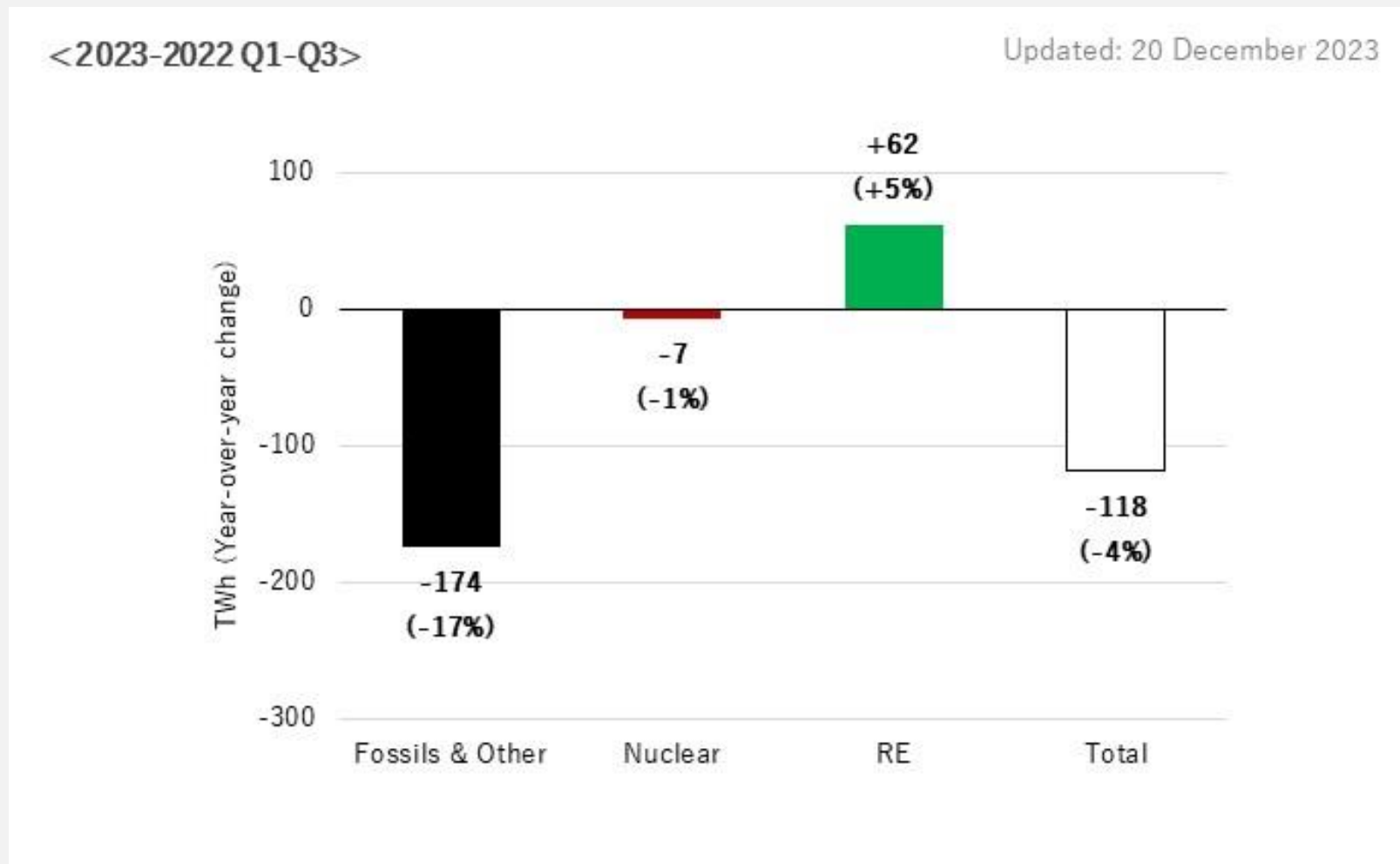




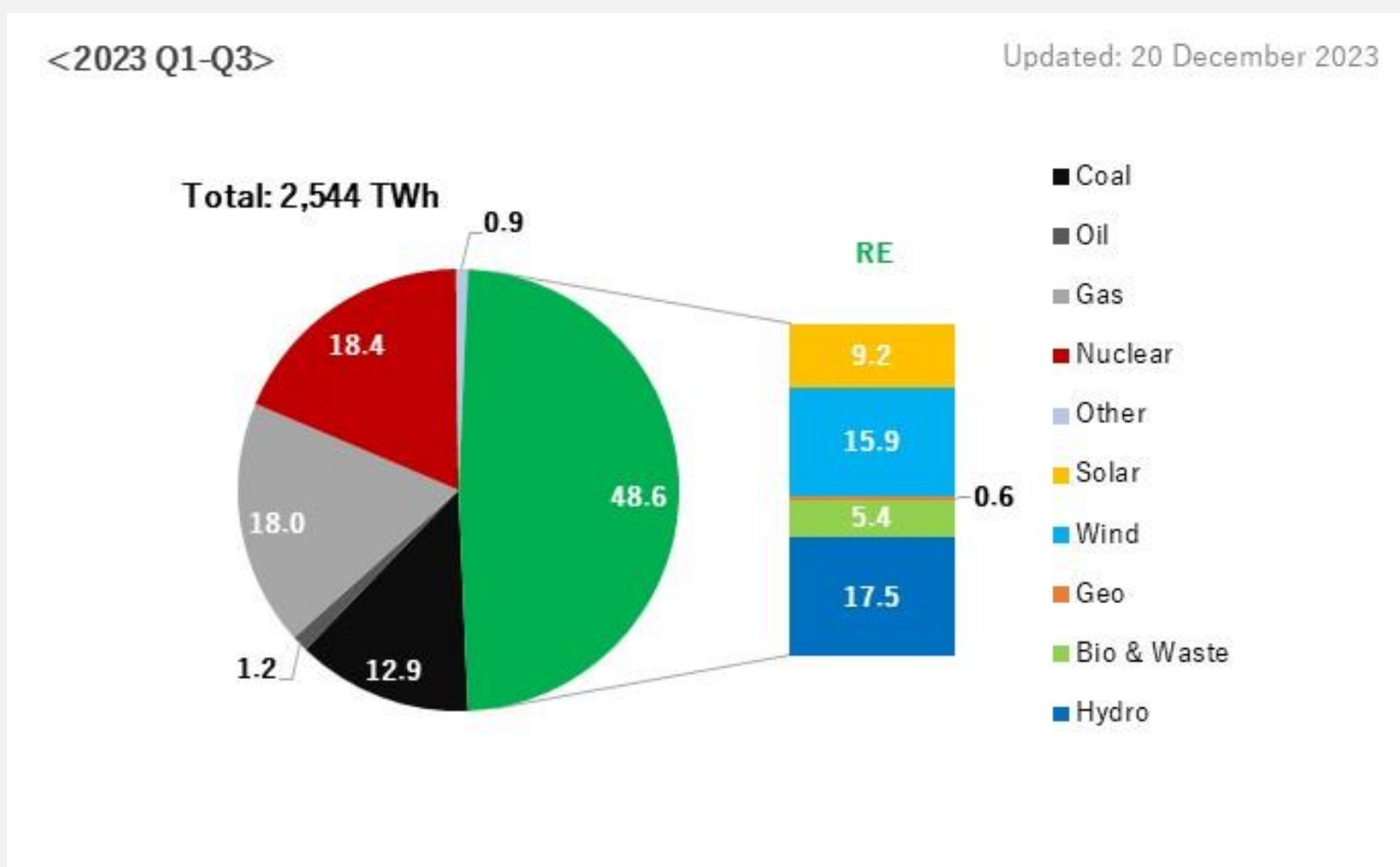
## 【Europe】

\*including all European OECD countries, as well as Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Malta, North Macedonia, Romania and Serbia.

### Europe Change in Electricity Generation



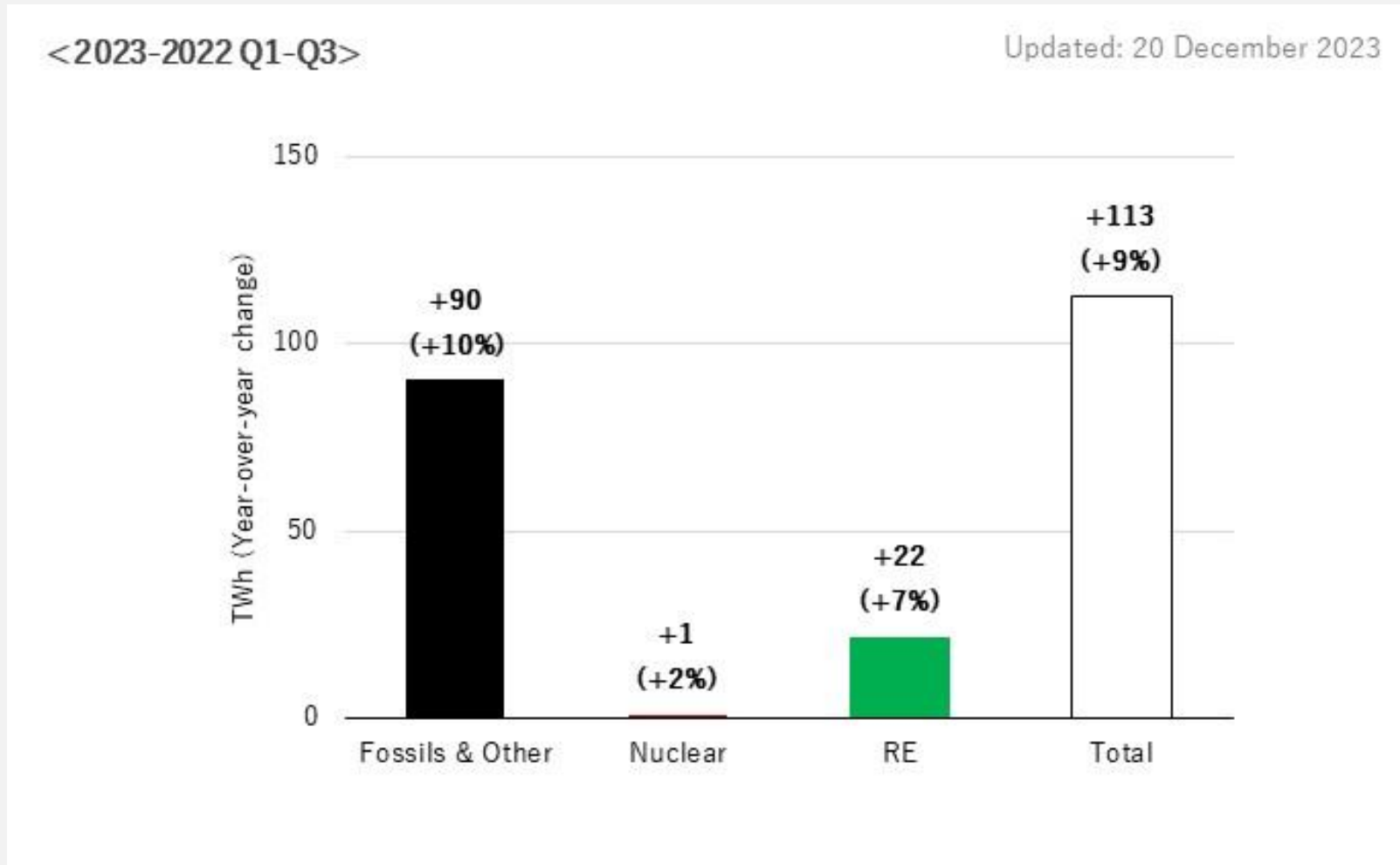
### Europe Electricity Generation Mix (%)



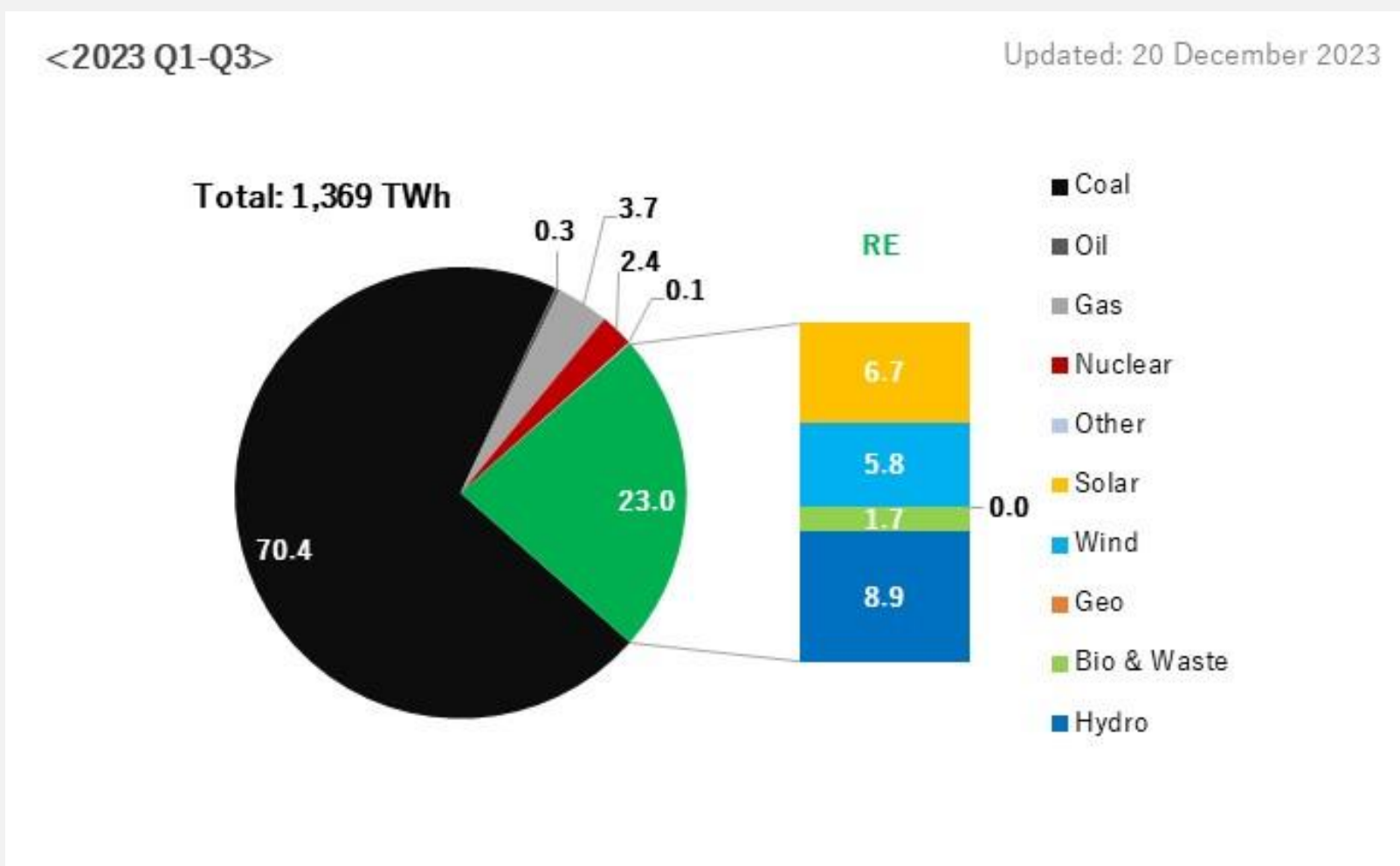


[India]

### India Change in Electricity Generation



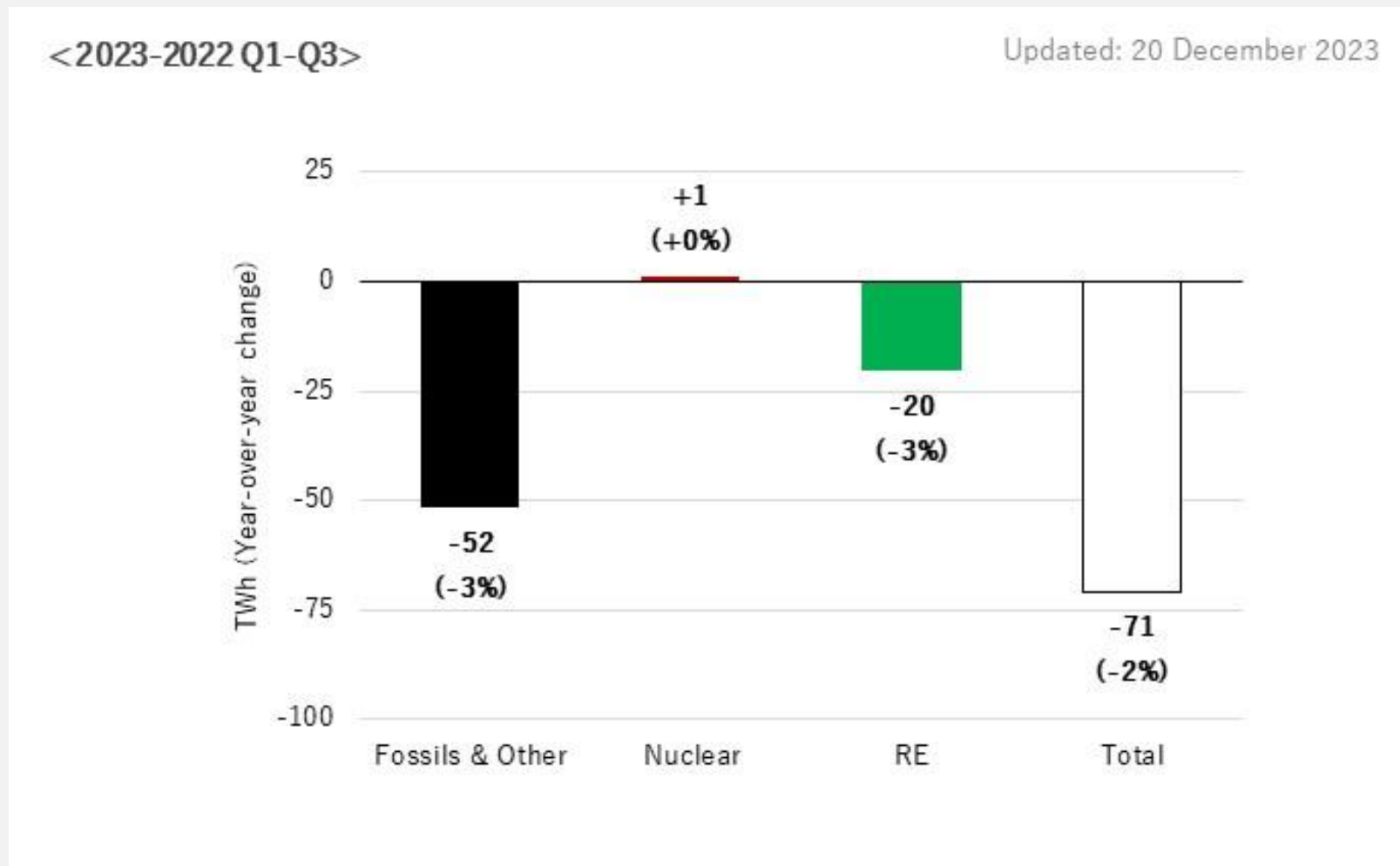
### India Electricity Generation Mix (%)



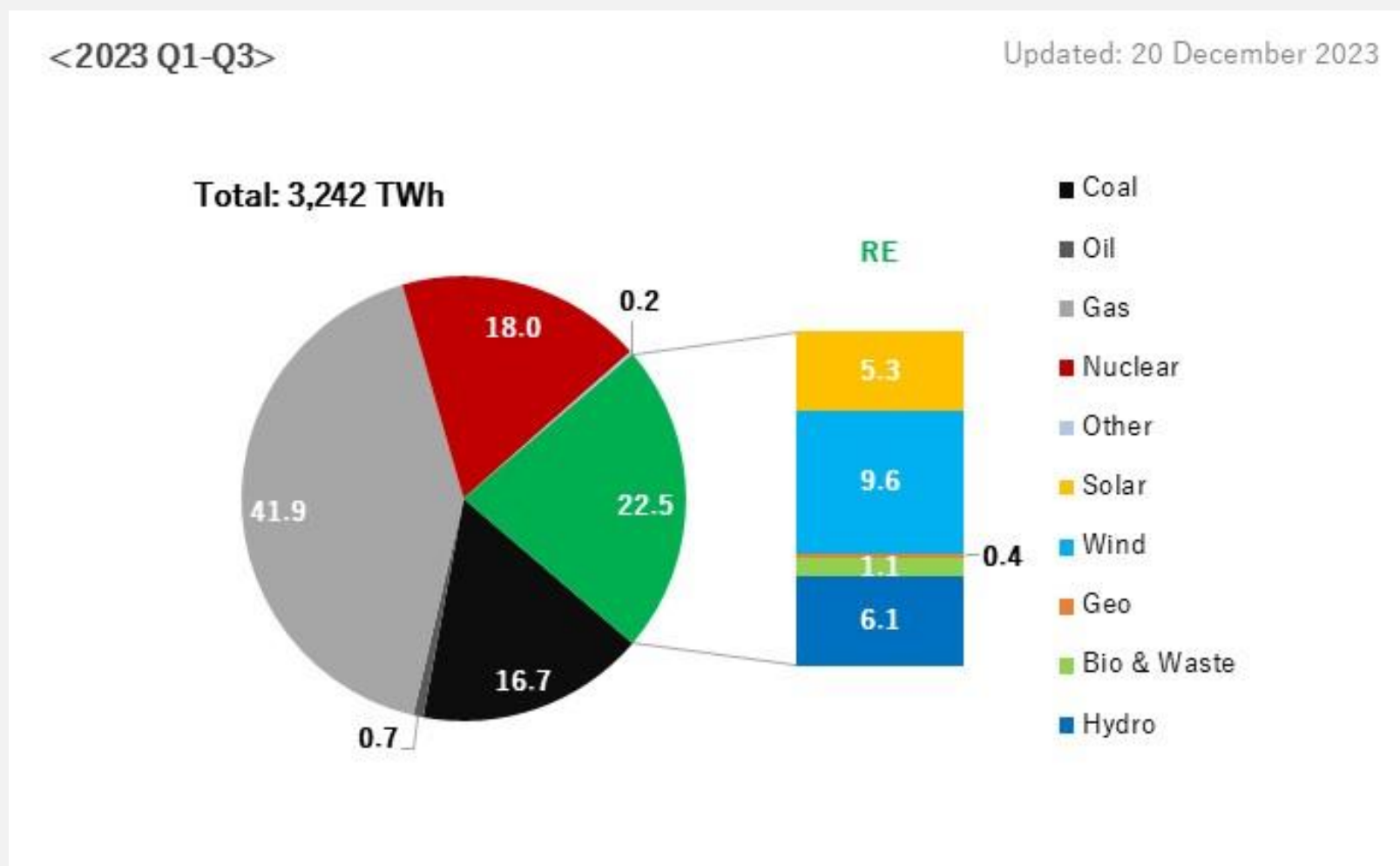


**[United States]**

**United States Change in Electricity Generation**



**United States Electricity Generation Mix (%)**



Source: Based on [International Energy Agency, Monthly Electricity Statistics](#) - Data up to September 2023 (December 2023) [downloaded 18 December 2023]. Modified by Renewable Energy Institute.

Notes:

- Net electricity generation.
- "Fossils" includes coal, oil and gas.
- "RE" (renewable energy) includes hydro, bioenergy & (renewable) waste, geothermal, wind, solar and other renewables (e.g. tide, wave, ocean... which are negligible and included in hydro).
- "Other" includes non-renewable waste and non-specified sources.